

THERMODYNAMICS 201 2003

Q8 The water-flow rate from the condenser of a 500 MW power plant is 20×10^3 kg/s. The water is cooled in an array of cooling towers from a temperature of 35°C to 20°C . Atmospheric air at a pressure of 1 bar enters the towers at 15°C with a relative humidity of 40% and exits with a temperature of 30°C at 98% relative humidity.

Determine the make-up water required and the air-flow rate.

Assume that the specific heat capacity at constant pressure for air and steam are 1.005 kJ/kgK and 1.86 kJ/kgK respectively and the specific heat capacity for water is 4.187 kJ/kgK.

INLET AIR

$$p_{g1} = 0.01704 \text{ bar at } 15^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\phi_1 = 0.4 = p_{s1} / p_g$$

$$p_{s1} = 0.4 \times 0.01704 = 0.006816 \text{ bar}$$

$$\text{hence } p_{a1} = 1.0 - 0.006816 = 0.993184 \text{ bar}$$

$$\omega_1 = 0.622 \frac{0.006816}{0.993184} = 0.004268647$$

$$m_{s1} = 0.004268647 m_a$$

OUTLET AIR

$$\phi_2 = 0.98$$

$$p_{s2} = 0.98 p_{g2} = 0.98 \times 0.0424242 = 0.041575716$$

$$\text{bar hence } p_{a2} = 0.95842428 \text{ bar}$$

$$\omega_2 = 0.622 \frac{0.0415757}{0.9584242} = 0.021698$$

$$m_{s2} = 0.021698 m_a$$

MASS BALANCE

$$m_{w4} = m_{w3} - (m_{s2} - m_{s1}) = 20000 - (0.021698 m_a - 0.0042686 m_a) = 20000 - 0.017429 m_a$$

ENERGY BALANCE

$$h_{s2} = h_g = 2555.7 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$h_{s1} = 2530 \text{ kJ/kg (from h-s chart)}$$

Balancing energy we get

$$(20000 \times 4.86 \times 35) + (m_a \times 1.005 \times 15) + (0.0042686 \times m_a \times 2530) = \\ \{(20000 - 0.017429 m_a) \times 4.186 \times 20\} + (0.021698 \times 2555.7 m_a) + (m_a \times 1.005 \times 30)$$

$$3402000 + 15.075 m_a + 10.8 m_a = 1674400 - 1.459 m_a + 70.4 m_a + 30.15 m_a$$

$$1727600 = 73.216 m_a$$

$$m_a = 23596 \text{ kg/s}$$

$$m_{s2} = 512 \text{ kg/s}$$

$$m_{s1} = 100.72 \text{ kg/s}$$

Evaporation rate is 411.3 kg/s so this is the required make up water

